

## SAFETY DATA SHEET

# **NITRIC ACID - 40%**

### Section 1 - Identification

Product Nitric Acid - 40% (Aqua Fortis, Hydrogen Nitrate)

Manufacturer TradeMark Nitrogen Corp.

Address 1216 Old Hopewell Road, Tampa, FL 33619

Phone (813) 626-1181 **24 Hour** Chemtrec **Emergency** (800) 424-9300

Contact

Recommended Use:

Used in various industrial and agricultural

Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

applications.

# Section 2 - Hazard Identification







Signal Word: DANGER

Precautionary Statements:	Hazard Statements:
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P210 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. H272 May intensify fire; oxidizer P220 Keep / store away from heat, sparks, open flames, hot surfaces - No smoking. H290 May be corrosive to metals

P221 Take any precaution to avoid mixing with incompatible materials, ignition sources, combustible materials

combustible materials

P234 Keep only in original container H318 Causes serious eye damage

P260 Do not breathe vapors, mist or spray H330 Fatal if inhaled

P262 Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing

P264 Wash hands, forearms and other exposed areas thoroughly after handling

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

**P280** Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P281 Use personal protective equipment as required.

**P284** Wear respiratory protection.

P301 IF SWALLOWED:
P331 Do NOT induce vomiting.
P313 Get medical advice/attention.
P303 IF ON SKIN OR HAIR:

P361 P353 Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing.

Rinse skin with water/shower.

P304 IF INHALED

P340 Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position

comfortable for breathing.

P313 Get medical advice/attention.

P305 IF IN EYES

P351 P338 Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove

contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P337 P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

P370 P378 In case of fire: Use water for extinction.

P402 Store in a cool, dry place.

P405 Store locked up

P406 Store in corrosive resistant container with a resistant inner liner

P501 Dispose of contents / container to local, regional, national, territorial, provincial and

international regulations

Section 3 -- Composition Ingredients Component CAS No Percent by Weight Nitric Acid (HNO<sub>3</sub>) 7697-37-2 40.0% 60.0% Water (H<sub>2</sub>0) 7732-18-5

Section 4 - First Aid Measures

If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing, Provide artificial respiration if necessary, Seek medical attention if necessary. If on skin (or hair): Immediately take off all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water for at least 15 minutes. May cause severe burns. Seek prompt

medical attention

Eye Contact If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing for at least 15 minutes. Seek

prompt medical attention

Ingestion If swallowed: Do NOT induce vomiting. Drink large amounts of water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Immediately call a

POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

Acute Health Harmful if swallowed or inhaled. Irritating and corrosive. Irritation of tissue may occur. May cause skin and eye burns, ulcers, breathing problems, lung Hazards irritation / damage or pneumonia. Delayed pulmonary edema may result.

Chronic Health Symptoms from inhalations of Nitric Acid vapor and Nitrogen Oxides may be delayed. Do not breath these gases. May be corrosive to eyes, teeth, mouth, respiratory tract and stomach.

Section 5 - Fire Fighting Measures

Suitable Extinguishing Techniques & Equipment

Hazards

Inhalation

Skin Contact

Water spray, fog, carbon dioxide, foam, dry chemical. Cautiously use flooding quantities of water spray or other suitable agent for fires adjacent to nonleaking tanks or other containers of nitric acid. Fight fires from upwind to avoid hazardous gases emitted form decomposition. Do not use solid water stream or heavy stream near ruptured tanks or spills of nitric acid. Acid reacts violently with water and can splatter acid onto personnel.

Chemical Hazards From Fire

Nitric Acid is an oxidizer and can self-ignite certain combustible and organic materials. Nitration of wood and organics increases their flammability. Can react explosively with metallic powders, carbides, hydrogen sulfide and turpentine. Nitrogen oxides and/or hydrogen may be present.

Special Fire Fighting Procedures

Nitrous Oxides may be present from vented or ruptured containers. If a solid water stream is added, violent splattering can occur and considerable heat may be generated. Protective equipment is recommended. Fight fires from upwind to avoid hazardous gases emitted from decomposition.

NFPA Rating Health - 3 (Serious)

Fire - 0 (Least) Reactivity - 0 (Least) OXY - Oxidizer

Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses.

Section 6 - Accidental Release Measure

Personal Do not breathe vapors, mists or sprays. Avoid splashing. Nitric Acid is corrosive. Prevent exposure to spilled material with the use of proper PPE. Precautions

Protective

Other

PPE should include gloves, goggles, face shield and level C protective suit.

Equipment Containment

Control the flow of product using dikes of soil, sand bags or other commercially available inert sorbent socks or booms.

In Case of Spill

Absorb product with inert absorbent. Avoid splashing or spraying. Contain and pick up spill in diked area. Prevent discharge to sewers or water ways. Cautiously neutralize spilled liquid.

Section 7 – Safe Handling & Storage

Precautions for Storage

Store in a well ventilated cool dry place. Containers should be kept closed and labeled properly. Liquid is an oxidizer and may cause fire with combustibles. Safe Handling & Keep / store away from extremely high or low temperatures, direct sunlight, heat, ignition sources, combustible materials, incompatible materials.

Incompatibility

Strong acids. Strong bases. Strong oxidizers. Avoid contact with most metals, metallic powders, carbides, hydrogen sulfide, turpentine, organic acids, combustibles (wood, paper, cotton) and other organics and readily oxidized materials.

Section 8 - Exposure Controls / Personal Protection

Exposure Limits Component Permissible Threshold Limit Value Short Term Exposure Immediately

> **Exposure Limit** I imit Dangerous to Life or

Health

Nitric Acid (HNO<sub>3</sub>) 2 ppm 2 ppm (TWA) 4 ppm 25 ppm

> (10 mg/m3)  $(5 \text{ mg/m}^3)$

Water (H2O) Not Established Not Established Not Established Not Established

Engineering Controls

Provide ventilation sufficient to maintain exposure below PEL/TWA/TLV. Provide sufficient ventilation to reduce acid mists and nitrogen oxide concentrations below permissible limits. Safety showers and eyewash facilities should be available near all nitric acid handling equipment. Use explosive

proof equipment.

Personal Chemical safety goggles and full face shield Eves Protective Hands Chemical resistant gloves with gauntlet. Equipment

Respiratory For concentrations above exposure limits use full-face supplied air respirator approved by NIOSH for nitric acid or nitrogen

oxide gases or mists. Vapors/mists cause eye irritation or damage. Note - cartridge or canister respirators are not

suitable for nitrogen oxide use.









Section 9 - Physical & Chemical Properties

Appearance and Under normal conditions, clear to light yellowish liquid with a pungent odor

> 245°F (>100°C) at 1 atmosphere **Boiling Point** No Data Available

Freezing Point

Vapor Pressure 42 mmHg at 25°C (Low volatility)

Weight per 10.4 lbs/gal Gallon

Flash Point No Data Available Flammability No Data Available

Limits UEL No Data Available

1.246 at 68°F Specific Gravity

Molecular Weight

Solubility in Water Highly soluble Evaporative Rate No Data Available

рН < 1.0

Salt-Out Temp No Data Available No Data Available Auto Ignition Temp

N/A LEL

Section 10 - Stability & Reactivity

Reactivity Product is a strong inorganic acid and may act as an oxidizer.

Stability Product is stable under normal conditions.

Hazardous

Will react violently with alcohol, turpentine, charcoal and organic refuse. Reactions

Conditions to Elevated temperatures may cause container to rupture. Direct sunlight. Extremely high or low temperatures. Heat, sparks, overheating, open flames. Adding Avoid water to acid should be avoided.

Incompatible Strong acids, Strong bases, Strong oxidizers, Amines, Avoid contact with most metals, metallic powders, carbides, hydrogen sulfide, turpentine, organic Materials acids, combustibles (wood, paper, cotton) and other organics and readily oxidized materials.

Hazardous

Nitrogen Oxides and possibly Hydrogen under certain conditions of contact with metals. When exposed to air, may give off small amounts of reddish-brown Decomposition

vapors of nitrogen dioxide - an inhalation hazard. Products

Section 11 Toxicology Information

Routes of Inhalation, ingestion or skin/eye absorption Exposure

Symptoms and Causes Serious eye damage Eves

Signs of Skin Exposure causes severe irritations. Causes severe corrosive burns or irritation. May stain skin bright yellow.

Exposure Inhalation of gases or mist causes irritation to the upper respiratory system, including the mucous membranes of the nose, mouth and throat.

Coughing, fever, nausea, irritability, spasms, possible pneumonia, apathy, headaches, weakness and chemical burns if inhaled.

Ingestion may cause upset stomach.

Rat (mg/l):

Long Term Repeated liquid contact may cause skin rash, pain, redness and ulceration. Repeated exposure to vapors may cause bronchitis with coughing, phlegm and

(mg/l):

shortness of breath. May also cause erosion of the teeth.

Carcinogen The International Agency for Research on Cancer has not classified Nitric Acid for its carcinogenic potential (IARC 1987).

LC50 Inhalation Rat 67 ppm / 4h Nitric Acid LC50 Inhalation 0.13 mg/l (exposure

time: 4h)

> 90,000 mg/kg

LD50 and LC50 Data:

Effects

LD50 Oral Rati

Water (7732-18-5)

No Data Available

(HNO<sub>3</sub>)

Section 12 - Ecological Information

Water No Data Available **Ecotoxicity** No Data Available

Persistence and Degradability

Bioaccumulative No Data Available

Potential

Mobility in Soil No Data Available Other Adverse No Data Available

Effects

Section 13 - Disposal Considerations

Waste Dispose of waste material in accordance with all local, regional, national, provincial, territorial, and international regulations. Do not dispose of waste into

sewer.

### Section 14 - Transport Information

DOT:

Name

This material is hazardous as defined by 49 CFR 172.101 by the US Department of Transportation

UN ID Number Proper Shipping UN2031

ng NITRIC ACID (Other than red fuming, with more than 20% and less than 65% nitric acid)

Hazard Class 8
Packing Group PG I

Label Codes
Emergency
Response Guide
Number

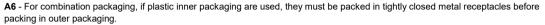
PG II

157

OT Deakswing Non Bulk (40 CED 473

DOT Packaging Non Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx): 158
DOT Packaging Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx) 242

DOT Special Provisions (49 CFR 172.102):



B2 - MC 300, MC 301, MC 302, MC 303, MC 305, and MC 306 and DOT 406 cargo tanks are not authorized.

B47 - Each tank may have a reclosing pressure relief device having a start-to-discharge pressure setting of 310 kPa (45 psig).

B53 - Packaging must be made of either aluminum or steel.

**IB2** - Authorized IBCs: Metal (31A, 31B and 31N); Rigid plastics (31H1 and 31H2); Composite (31HZ1). Additional Requirement: Only liquids with a vapor pressure less than or equal to 110 kPa at 50 C (1.1 bar at 122 F), or 130 kPa at 55 C (1.3 bar at 131 F) are authorized.

IP15 - For UN2031 with more than 55% nitric acid, rigid plastic IBCs and composite IBCs with a rigid plastic inner receptacle are authorized for two years from the date of IBC manufacture.

T8 - 4 178.274(d)(2) Normal..... Prohibited

**TP2** - a. The maximum degree of filling must not exceed the degree of filling determined by the following: (image) Where: (tr) is the maximum mean bulk temperature during transport, (tf) is the temperature in degrees celsius of the liquid during filling, and a is the mean coefficient of cubical expansion of the liquid between the mean temperature of the liquid during filling (tf) and the maximum mean bulk temperature during transportation (tr) both in degrees celsius. b. For liquids transported under ambient conditions may be calculated using the formula: (image) Where: d15 and d50 are the densities (in units of mass per unit volume) of the liquid at 15 C (59 F) and 50 C (122 F), respectively.

DOT Packaging Exceptions (49 CFR 173.xxx):

DOT Quantity Limitations Passenger aircraft/rail (49 CFR 173.27):

DOT Quantity Limitations Cargo aircraft only (49 CFR 175.75)

None

Forbidden

30 L

DOT Vessel Stowage Location:

D - The material must be stowed "on deck only" on a cargo vessel and on a passenger vessel carrying a number of passengers limited to not more than the larger of 25 passengers or one passenger per each 3 m of overall vessel length, but the material is prohibited on passenger vessels in which the limiting number of passengers is exceeded.

44 - Stow "away from" oxidizers,66 - Stow "separated from" flammable solids,74 - Stow "separated from" oxidizers,89 - Segregation same as for oxidizers,90 - Stow "separated from" radioactive materials

### IMDG:

This material is regulated as a Dangerous Good per the IMDG Code

DOT Vessel Stowage Other:

UN ID Number UN2031

Proper Shipping NITRIC ACID (Other than red fuming, with more than 20% Name and less than 65% nitric acid)

Name and let
Hazard Class 8
Packing Group PG II
Label Codes 8
EmS-No. (Fire) F-A
EmS-No. S-B
(Spillage)



#### IATA:

This material is regulated as a Dangerous Good per the IATA Code

**UN ID Number** UN2031

NITRIC ACID (Other than red fuming, with more than 20% **Proper Shipping** 

and less than 65% nitric acid) Name

Hazard Class Packing Group PG II

Label Codes 8 + CAO **ERG Code** 

81 (IATA)

Additional PAX FORBIDDEN Information

TDG:

This material is regulated as a Dangerous Good per the TDG code

Proper Shipping NITRIC ACID (Other than red fuming, with more than 20%

and less than 65% nitric acid) Name

UN ID Number UN2031 **Hazard Class** 8 Label Codes Packing Group PGII

Authorized

Rail: Stainless Steel DOT 103, 104, 105, 109, 111, 112, 114 or 115, 120

Packaging: Trucks: Stainless Steel MC 307, 310, 311, 312, DOT 407, 412

MARKING: Nitric Acid (rail) If product exceed the CERCLA Reportable Quantity, the notation "RQ" shall be added before or after the basic Notes:

shipping description.

Section 15 - Regulatory Information

United States -This product has been reviewed according to the EPA Hazard Categories promulgated under Sections 311 and 312 of Title III of the Superfund SARA Hazard

Amendments and Reauthorization Act (SARA) and is considered, under applicable definitions, to meet the following categories: Category

Fire - No Pressure - No Reactive - No Acute - Yes Chronic - No SARA Title III This product contains the following substances subject to the reporting requirements of Title III (EPCRA) of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization

Information Act of 1986 and 40 CFR Part 372: Chemical CAS No. SARA Reporting

> 302 311 312 313 Nitric Acid 7697-37-2 1,000 lbs (453.6 Kg)(2) Yes Yes Yes Yes

(1) CERCLA Reportable Quantity for Nitric Acid is 1,000 pounds (100% basis)

(2) 240 gallons or 2,500 lbs @ 40% by weight

CERCLA / If this product contains components subject to substances designated as CERCLA reportable Quantity (RQ) Substances, it will be designated in the above Superfund, 40 table with the RQ value in pounds. If there is a release of RQ Substance to the environment, notification to the National Response Center, Washington DC

CFR Part 117, (800-424-8802) is required. 302

**TSCA** Nitric acid is listed on the Active TSCA inventory list.

California Prop

Disclaimer

Nitic acid is not listed on California's Prop 65 inventory list.

Section 16 - Other Information

Issue Date 7/2/2024

Date of Revision 7/2/2024 SDS updated to include GHS06 skull and crossbone pictogram. 1/26/2023 SDS prepared in accordance with 29 CFR 1910.1200 Appendix D to

meet Global Harmonization Standards

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