

SAFETY DATA SHEET

NITRIC ACID - 55%

Section 1 - Identification

Product Nitric Acid - 55% (Aqua Fortis, Hydrogen Nitrate) Recommended Use:

Used in the production of fertilizer compounds

Manufacturer TradeMark Nitrogen Corp.

Address 1216 Old Hopewell Road, Tampa, FL 33619

Phone (813) 626-1181 24 Hour Chemtrec **Emergency** (800) 424-9300

Contact

Section 2 - Hazard Identification



P264





Signal Word: DANGER

Precautionary Statements:			Hazard Statements:
D040	V	NI	11070

P210 P220	Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames, hot surfaces - No smoking. Keep / store away from heat, sparks, open flames, hot surfaces - No smoking.	H272 H290	May be corrosive to metals
P221	Take any precaution to avoid mixing with incompatible materials, ignition sources,	H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

combustible materials

Keep only in original container P234 H318 Causes serious eye damage

P260 Do not breathe vapors, mist or spray H330 Fatal if inhaled

P262 Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing

P273 Avoid release to the environment. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. P280

Wash hands, forearms and other exposed areas thoroughly after handling

P281 Use personal protective equipment as required.

P284 Wear respiratory protection. IF SWALLOWED: P301 P331 Do NOT induce vomiting P313 Get medical advice/attention. P303 IF ON SKIN OR HAIR: Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing.

P361 P353

Rinse skin with water/shower.

comfortable for breathing.

P304 P340 Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position

Get medical advice/attention. P313

IF IN FYES P305

P351 P338 Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

P337 P313 P370 P378 In case of fire: Use water for extinction.

Store in a cool, dry place. P402

P405 Store locked up

P406 Store in corrosive resistant container with a resistant inner liner

P501 Dispose of contents / container to local, regional, national, territorial, provincial and

international regulations

Section 3 – Composition						
Ingredients	Component	CAS. No.				

Percent by Weight Nitric Acid (HNO₃) 7697-37-2 55.0%

45.0% Water (H₂0) 7732-18-5

Section 4 - First Aid Measures

Inhalation If inhaled; Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing, Provide artificial respiration if necessary, Seek medical attention if necessary.

Skin Contact If on skin (or hair): Immediately take off all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water for at least 15 minutes. May cause severe burns. Seek prompt

medical attention

Eye Contact If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing for at least 15 minutes. Seek prompt medical attention

Ingestion If swallowed: Do NOT induce vomiting. Drink large amounts of water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Immediately call a

POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

Acute Health Hazards

Harmful if swallowed or inhaled. Irritating and corrosive. Irritation of tissue may occur. May cause skin and eye burns, ulcers, breathing problems, lung

irritation / damage or pneumonia. Delayed pulmonary edema may result.

Chronic Health Symptoms from inhalations of Nitric Acid vapor and Nitrogen Oxides may be delayed. Do not breath these gases. May be corrosive to eyes, teeth, mouth, Hazards respiratory tract and stomach.

Section 5 - Fire Fighting Measures

Suitable Extinguishing Techniques & Equipment

Water spray, fog, carbon dioxide, foam, dry chemical. Cautiously use flooding quantities of water spray or other suitable agent for fires adjacent to nonleaking tanks or other containers of nitric acid. Fight fires from upwind to avoid hazardous gases emitted form decomposition. Do not use solid water stream or heavy stream near ruptured tanks or spills of nitric acid. Acid reacts violently with water and can splatter acid onto personnel.

Chemical Hazards From Fire

Nitric Acid is an oxidizer and can self-ignite certain combustible and organic materials. Nitration of wood and organics increases their flammability. Can

react explosively with metallic powders, carbides, hydrogen sulfide and turpentine. Nitrogen oxides and/or hydrogen may be present.

Special Fire Fighting Procedures

Nitrous Oxides may be present from vented or ruptured containers. If a solid water stream is added, violent splattering can occur and considerable heat may be generated. Protective equipment is recommended. Fight fires from upwind to avoid hazardous gases emitted from decomposition.

NFPA Rating Health - 3 (Serious) Fire - 0 (Least)

> Reactivity - 0 (Least) OXY - Oxidizer

Other Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses.

Section 6 - Accidental Release Measure

Personal Do not breathe vapors, mists or sprays, Avoid splashing. Nitric Acid is corrosive. Prevent exposure to spilled material with the use of proper PPE.

Precautions

Protective PPE should include gloves, goggles, face shield and level C protective suit.

Equipment

Containment Control the flow of product using dikes of soil, sand bags or other commercially available inert sorbent socks or booms.

In Case of Spill

Absorb product with inert absorbent. Avoid splashing or spraying. Contain and pick up spill in diked area. Prevent discharge to sewers or water ways.

Cautiously neutralize spilled liquid.

Section 7 - Safe Handling & Storage

Precautions for Safe Handling & Storage

Store in a well ventilated cool dry place. Containers should be kept closed and labeled properly. Liquid is an oxidizer and may cause fire with combustibles. Keep / store away from extremely high or low temperatures, direct sunlight, heat, ignition sources, combustible materials, incompatible materials.

Incompatibility Strong acids. Strong bases. Strong oxidizers. Avoid contact with most metals, metallic powders, carbides, hydrogen sulfide, turpentine, organic acids, combustibles (wood, paper, cotton) and other organics and readily oxidized materials.

Section 8 - Exposure Controls / Personal Protection

Exposure Limits Component Permissible Threshold Limit Value Short Term Exposure Immediately

Exposure Limit I imit Dangerous to Life or

Health Nitric Acid (HNO₃) 2 ppm 2 ppm (TWA) 4 ppm 25 ppm

(10 mg/m3) (5 mg/m^3)

Water (H₂O) Not Established Not Established Not Established Not Established

Provide ventilation sufficient to maintain exposure below PEL/TWA/TLV. Provide sufficient ventilation to reduce acid mists and nitrogen oxide Engineering Controls

concentrations below permissible limits. Safety showers and eyewash facilities should be available near all nitric acid handling equipment. Use explosive proof equipment.

Eyes Chemical safety goggles and full face shield

Personal Protective Hands Chemical resistant gloves with gauntlet.

Equipment For concentrations above exposure limits use full-face supplied air respirator approved by NIOSH for nitric acid or nitrogen Respiratory

oxide gases or mists. Vapors/mists cause eye irritation or damage. Note - cartridge or canister respirators are not

suitable for nitrogen oxide use.









Section 9 - Physical & Chemical Properties Appearance and Under normal conditions, clear to light

yellowish liquid with a pungent odor

Boiling Point > 245°F (>100°C) at 1 atmosphere Freezing Point No Data Available

Vapor Pressure 42 mmHg at 25°C (Low volatility)

Weight per 11.17 lbs/gal Gallon

Odor

UEL

Flash Point No Data Available Flammability No Data Available Limits

1.3393 at 68°F Specific Gravity

Molecular Weight 63.01 Solubility in Water Highly soluble Evaporative Rate No Data Available рН < 10

Salt-Out Temp No Data Available Auto Ignition Temp No Data Available

LEL N/A

Section 10 - Stability & Reactivity

Reactivity Product is a strong inorganic acid and may act as an oxidizer.

Stability Product is stable under normal conditions.

No Data Available

Hazardous Will react violently with alcohol, turpentine, charcoal and organic refuse.

Reactions Conditions to Elevated temperatures may cause container to rupture. Direct sunlight. Extremely high or low temperatures. Heat, sparks, overheating, open flames. Adding

Avoid water to acid should be avoided. Incompatible Strong acids. Strong bases. Strong oxidizers. Amines. Avoid contact with most metalls, metallic powders, carbides, hydrogen sulfide, turpentine, organic

Materials acids, combustibles (wood, paper, cotton) and other organics and readily oxidized materials.

Hazardous Nitrogen Oxides and possibly Hydrogen under certain conditions of contact with metals. When exposed to air, may give off small amounts of reddish-brown Decomposition vapors of nitrogen dioxide - an inhalation hazard. Products

Section 11 - Toxicology Information

Routes of Inhalation, ingestion or skin/eye absorption

Exposure

Symptoms and Eyes Causes Serious eye damage

Signs of Skin Exposure causes severe irritations. Causes severe corrosive burns or irritation. May stain skin bright yellow.

Exposure Inhalation of gases or mist causes irritation to the upper respiratory system, including the mucous membranes of the nose, mouth and throat.

Coughing, fever, nausea, irritability, spasms, possible pneumonia, apathy, headaches, weakness and chemical burns if inhaled.

Ingestion may cause upset stomach.

Long Term Repeated liquid contact may cause skin rash, pain, redness and ulceration. Repeated exposure to vapors may cause bronchitis with coughing, phlegm and Effects

shortness of breath. May also cause erosion of the teeth.

Carcinogen The International Agency for Research on Cancer has not classified Nitric Acid for its carcinogenic potential (IARC 1987).

> Nitric Acid LC50 Inhalation 0.13 mg/l (exposure LC50 Inhalation Rat 67 ppm / 4h

(HNO₃) Rat (mg/l): time: 4h) LD50 and LC50 (mg/l):

LD50 Oral Rat: > 90,000 mg/kg Water

Section 12 - Ecological Information

(7732-18-5)

Water No Data Available **Ecotoxicity** No Data Available Persistence and No Data Available

Degradability

Data:

Bioaccumulative No Data Available

Potential

Mobility in Soil No Data Available Other Adverse No Data Available

Effects

Section 13 - Disposal Considerations

Waste Dispose of waste material in accordance with all local, regional, national, provincial, territorial, and international regulations. Do not dispose of waste into

sewer

Section 14 - Transport Information

DOT:

Name

This material is hazardous as defined by 49 CFR 172.101 by the US Department of Transportation

UN ID Number Proper Shipping UN2031

ng NITRIC ACID (Other than red fuming, with more than 20% and less than 65% nitric acid)

Hazard Class 8
Packing Group PG I

Label Codes
Emergency
Response Guide
Number

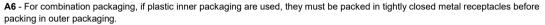
PG II

157

OT Deakswing Non Bulk (40 CED 473

DOT Packaging Non Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx): 158
DOT Packaging Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx) 242

DOT Special Provisions (49 CFR 172.102):



B2 - MC 300, MC 301, MC 302, MC 303, MC 305, and MC 306 and DOT 406 cargo tanks are not authorized.

B47 - Each tank may have a reclosing pressure relief device having a start-to-discharge pressure setting of 310 kPa (45 psig).

B53 - Packaging must be made of either aluminum or steel.

IB2 - Authorized IBCs: Metal (31A, 31B and 31N); Rigid plastics (31H1 and 31H2); Composite (31HZ1). Additional Requirement: Only liquids with a vapor pressure less than or equal to 110 kPa at 50 C (1.1 bar at 122 F), or 130 kPa at 55 C (1.3 bar at 131 F) are authorized.

IP15 - For UN2031 with more than 55% nitric acid, rigid plastic IBCs and composite IBCs with a rigid plastic inner receptacle are authorized for two years from the date of IBC manufacture.

T8 - 4 178.274(d)(2) Normal..... Prohibited

TP2 - a. The maximum degree of filling must not exceed the degree of filling determined by the following: (image) Where: (tr) is the maximum mean bulk temperature during transport, (tf) is the temperature in degrees celsius of the liquid during filling, and a is the mean coefficient of cubical expansion of the liquid between the mean temperature of the liquid during filling (tf) and the maximum mean bulk temperature during transportation (tr) both in degrees celsius. b. For liquids transported under ambient conditions may be calculated using the formula: (image) Where: d15 and d50 are the densities (in units of mass per unit volume) of the liquid at 15 C (59 F) and 50 C (122 F), respectively.

DOT Packaging Exceptions (49 CFR 173.xxx):

DOT Quantity Limitations Passenger aircraft/rail (49 CFR 173.27):

DOT Quantity Limitations Cargo aircraft only (49 CFR 175.75)

None

Forbidden

30 L

DOT Vessel Stowage Location:

D - The material must be stowed "on deck only" on a cargo vessel and on a passenger vessel carrying a number of passengers limited to not more than the larger of 25 passengers or one passenger per each 3 m of overall vessel length, but the material is prohibited on passenger vessels in which the limiting number of passengers is exceeded.

44 - Stow "away from" oxidizers,66 - Stow "separated from" flammable solids,74 - Stow "separated from" oxidizers,89 - Segregation same as for oxidizers,90 - Stow "separated from" radioactive materials

IMDG:

This material is regulated as a Dangerous Good per the IMDG Code

DOT Vessel Stowage Other:

UN ID Number UN2031

Proper Shipping NITRIC ACID (Other than red fuming, with more than 20% Name and less than 65% nitric acid)

Name and let
Hazard Class 8
Packing Group PG II
Label Codes 8
EmS-No. (Fire) F-A
EmS-No. S-B
(Spillage)



IATA:

This material is regulated as a Dangerous Good per the IATA Code

UN ID Number UN2031

Proper Shipping NITRIC ACID (Other than red fuming, with more than 20%

Name and less than 65% nitric acid)

Hazard Class 8
Packing Group PG II

Label Codes 8 + CAO

ERG Code (IATA) 8L

Additional PAX FORBIDDEN

TDG:

This material is regulated as a Dangerous Good per the TDG code

Proper Shipping NITRIC ACID (Other than red fuming, with more than 20%

Name and less than 65% nitric acid)

UN ID Number UN2031 Hazard Class 8 Label Codes 8 Packing Group PGII

PG

2031

Authorized Packaging: Rail: Stainless Steel DOT 103, 104, 105, 109, 111, 112, 114 or 115, 120

Packaging: Trucks: Stainless Steel MC 307, 310, 311, 312, DOT 407, 412

Notes: MARKING: Nitric Acid (rail) If product exceed the CERCLA Reportable Quantity, the notation "RQ" shall be added before or after the basic

shipping description.

Section 15 - Regulatory Information

United States - This product has been reviewed according to the EPA Hazard Categories promulgated under Sections 311 and 312 of Title III of the Superfund SARA Hazard Amendments and Reauthorization Act (SARA) and is considered, under applicable definitions, to meet the following categories:

Category

Fire - No Pressure - No Reactive - No Acute - Yes Chronic - No

SARA Title III Information This product contains the following substances subject to the reporting requirements of Title III (EPCRA) of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization

Act of 1986 and 40 CFR Part 372:

Chemical CAS No. CERCLA RQ (lbs.)⁽¹⁾ SARA Reporting 302 311 312 313

Nitric Acid 7697-37-2 1,000 lbs (453.6 Kg)⁽²⁾ Yes Yes Yes Yes

⁽¹⁾ CERCLA Reportable Quantity for Nitric Acid is 1,000 pounds (100% basis)

(2) 164 gallons or 1,835 lbs @ 55% by weight

CERCLA / Superfund, 40 CFR Part 117, 302 If this product contains components subject to substances designated as CERCLA reportable Quantity (RQ) Substances, it will be designated in the above table with the RQ value in pounds. If there is a release of RQ Substance to the environment, notification to the National Response Center, Washington DC (800-424-8802) is required.

TSCA

Nitric acid is listed on the Active TSCA inventory list.

California Prop

65

Nitic acid is not listed on California's Prop 65 inventory list.

Section 16 - Other Information

Issue Date 7/2/2024

Date of Revision 7/2/2024 SDS updated to include GHS06 skull and crossbones pictogram. 3-4-2021: Section 14 updated to include special provisions. November 2019 SDS section 14 format updated. June 2019 TSCA Statement revised to include the word 'Active'. May 2019 technical data, hazard statements and precautionary statements updated. January 2013 revision prepared in accordance with 29 CFR 1910.1200 Appendix D to meet Global Harmonization Standards.

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